

Curve Sketching Review

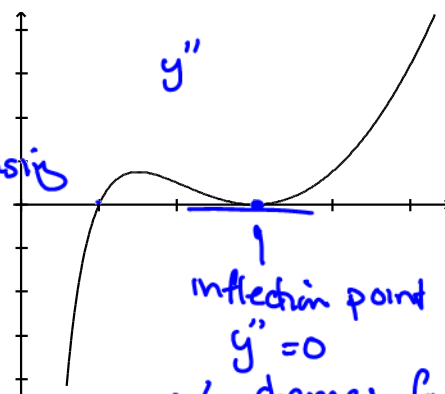
The graph of f' on $[0, 5]$ is shown. Use this graph for #1 and 2.

1. f has a local minimum at $x = ?$ $x=1$

2. f has an inflection point at $x = ?$

- concavity changes
- $y'' = 0$

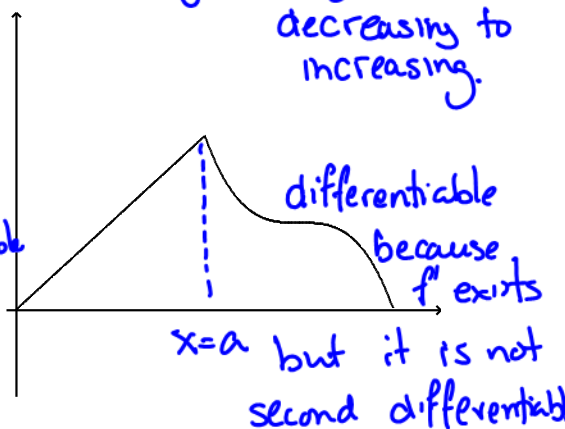
$f' = 0$
decreasing \rightarrow increasing
 $f' < 0$ $f' > 0$



inflection point
 $y'' = 0$
 y' changes from decreasing to increasing.

3. It follows from the graph of f' , shown at the right, that

- a) f is not continuous at $x = a$
- b) f is continuous but not differentiable at $x = a$
- c) f has a relative maximum at $x = a$ f' not changing sign.
- d) f has a point of inflection at $x = a$ not second differentiable
- e) none of these



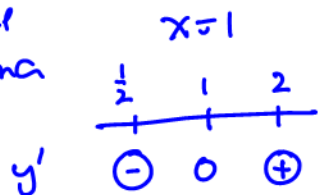
differentiable because f' exists
 $x=a$ but it is not second differentiable

4. A local minimum value of the function $y = \frac{e^x}{x}$ is $x=1$

$$y = e^x (x)^{-1} \quad y' = \frac{e^x}{x} + -1(x)^{-2} \cdot e^x = x \frac{e^x}{x^2} - \frac{1e^x}{x^2} = \frac{e^x(x-1)}{x^2}$$

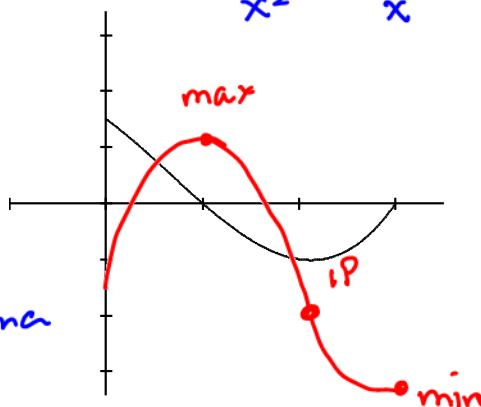
5. Given f' as graphed, sketch a possible graph for f

possible extrema



or $x=0$

$f(0)$ does not exist
 \therefore not extrema



6. If $f(x) = xe^x$, then at $x=0$

- a) f is increasing
- b) f is decreasing
- c) f has a relative maximum
- d) f has a relative minimum
- e) f' does not exist

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 1e^x + xe^x \\ &= e^x(x+1) \big|_{x=0} \\ &= e^0(0+1) \\ f'(0) &= 1 \end{aligned}$$