## Warmup 1.12

1. Find the instantaneous rate of change of the volume of a sphere with respect to the radius. The formula for volume is  $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$ 

$$M_{tan} = \lim_{h \to 0} \left( \frac{4\pi}{3} (r + h)^3 - \frac{4\pi}{3} (r^3) \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) \left(\frac{1}{h}\right) \left[ \left(\frac{1}{h}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{3} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} (4\pi) (\frac{1}{3}) (\frac{1}{h}) \left[ (r+h)^3 - r^3 \right]$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} (4\pi) (\frac{1}{3}) (\frac{1}{h}) \left( \left[ r^3 + 3r^2 h + 3rh^2 + h^3 \right] - r^3 \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} (4\pi) (\frac{1}{3}) (\frac{1}{h}) \left( 3r^2 h + 3rh^2 + h^3 \right)$$

= 
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) \left(\frac{1}{h}\right) \left(3r^2h + 3rh^2 + h^3\right)$$

$$m \tan = \frac{-1}{(a-5)^2}$$

$$\frac{-1}{4} = \frac{-1}{(a-5)^2}$$

$$(a-5)^2 = 4$$

$$a-5 = \pm 2$$

$$a = \pm 2 + 5$$

$$a = \pm 2 + 5$$

$$a = \pm 3$$

$$f(7) = \frac{1}{2} \qquad f(3) = \frac{1}{2}$$